

IN RECOGNITION OF DIXIE COUNTY'S CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION

HON. NEAL P. DUNN

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 20, 2021

Mr. DUNN. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize the centennial celebration of Dixie County, Florida. Dixie County, FL will turn 100 years old on April 25, 2021. Formerly part of Lafayette County, Dixie County was created in 1921 and is home to the incorporated towns of Cross City, Old Town, and Horseshoe Beach. Dixie County is known for showcasing its rich history and beautiful landscapes. Home of the Lower Suwannee National Wildlife Refuge, Dixie County is a main attraction for the historic Suwannee River, and the unique beaches nestled along the Gulf of Mexico.

Cross City is the county seat of Dixie and is known for its central location along the Old Spanish Trail, running East to West and "crossing" with Old Salt Road that leads to Horseshoe beach. In and around Cross City, you will find rural small towns that promote a thriving logging industry. South of Cross City you will find a coastal oasis where an abundance of commercial fishermen still exists today. In addition to logging and fishing, there is an array of farming operations that largely contribute to Dixie County's economy.

Boat, plane, or train, there is no limit in getting to and from Dixie County. The Dixie County Airport has served the community and our nation for many years. The airport was previously used as an advanced fighter base during World War II.

Generations of some of the most hard-working, hospitable, and humble people have called Dixie County, Florida home. Since its inception, the citizens of Dixie County have taken pride in preserving its history and educating our youth. Built in 1910, Old Town Elementary School is the oldest public building in Dixie County and currently houses the Dixie County Historical Society. Year after year, the county has worked hard to promote community engagement by hosting annual festivals to showcase its rich cultural history. This year is no exception.

It is my honor to recognize 100 years of growth and prosperity for Dixie County.

JASSMEN (JAY) ROZYC**HON. ED PERLMUTTER**

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 20, 2021

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize and applaud Jassmen (Jay) Rozyc for receiving the Adams County Mayors and Commissioners Youth Award.

Jassmen (Jay) Rozyc is a 12th grader at Legacy HS and received this award because her determination and hard work have allowed her to overcome adversities.

The dedication demonstrated by Jassmen (Jay) Rozyc is exemplary of the type of achievement that can be attained with hard work and perseverance. It is essential students at all levels strive to make the most of their education and develop a work ethic which will guide them for the rest of their lives.

I extend my deepest congratulations to Jassmen (Jay) Rozyc for winning the Adams County Mayors and Commissioners Youth Award. I have no doubt she will exhibit the same dedication and character in all of her future accomplishments.

COST ESTIMATE FOR H.R. 1333 NATIONAL ORIGIN-BASED ANTI-DISCRIMINATION FOR NON-IMMIGRANTS ACT

HON. ZOE LOFGREN

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 20, 2021

Ms. LOFGREN. Madam Speaker, I hereby include in the RECORD the cost estimate prepared by the Congressional Budget Office for H.R. 1333, the National Origin-Based Antidiscrimination for Nonimmigrants Act. The cost estimate was not available at the time of the filing of the Committee Report.

H.R. 1333, NATIONAL ORIGIN-BASED ANTIDISCRIMINATION FOR NONIMMIGRANTS ACT

(As ordered reported by the House Committee on the Judiciary on April 14, 2021)

	By fiscal year, millions of dollars—		
	2021	2021–2026	2021–2031
Direct Spending (Outlays)	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0
Increase or Decrease (–) in the Deficit	0	0	0
Spending Subject to Appropriation (Outlays)	0	0	0

Statutory pay-as-you-go procedures apply? No.

Increases on-budget deficits in any of the four consecutive 10-year periods beginning in 2032? No.

MANDATE EFFECTS

Contains intergovernmental mandate? No.
Contains private-sector mandate? No.
The Immigration and Nationality Act "grants the President broad discretion to suspend the entry of aliens into the United States." H.R. 1333 would amend that act to narrow the President's authority to impose entry or visa restrictions on aliens (non-U.S. nationals) based on their country of birth, country of nationality, and certain other characteristics. By limiting the President's authority to restrict entry into the United States, the bill could increase the number of aliens who arrive in the country and receive federal benefits. However, the current Administration has not proposed any entry or visa restrictions that would be affected by H.R. 1333; to the contrary, it has revoked several entry and visa restrictions that had been promulgated by the previous Administration: Therefore, CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 1333 would have no budgetary effects. (CBO has no basis for predicting whether a future Administration would seek to impose entry or visa restrictions in the absence of this legislation.)

CBO has reviewed sections 1, 3, and 4 of H.R. 1333 and determined that those provisions contain no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA). CBO has not reviewed section 2 of H.R. 1333 for intergovernmental or private-sector mandates. Section 4 of UMRA excludes from the application of that act any legislative provisions that would establish or enforce statutory rights prohibiting discrimination. CBO has determined section 2 of H.R. 1333 falls

within that exclusion because it would extend protections against discrimination in the immigration process based on sex, national origin, and religion.

The CBO staff contact for this estimate is David Rafferty. The estimate was reviewed by H. Samuel Papenfuss, Deputy Director of Budget Analysis.

U.S. CONGRESS,
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE,
Washington, DC, April 19, 2021.

Hon. JERROLD NADLER,
Chairman, Committee on the Judiciary,
House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: The Congressional Budget Office has prepared the enclosed cost estimate for H.R. 1333, the National Origin-Based Antidiscrimination for Nonimmigrants Act.

If you wish further details on this estimate, we will be pleased to provide them. The CBO staff contact is David Rafferty.

Sincerely,

PHILLIP L. SWAGEL,
Director.

Enclosure.

KAYLA BURBY**HON. ED PERLMUTTER**

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 20, 2021

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize and applaud Kayla Burby for receiving the Adams County Mayors and Commissioners Youth Award.

Kayla Burby is a 12th grader at Prairie View High School and received this award because her determination and hard work have allowed her to overcome adversities.

The dedication demonstrated by Kayla Burby is exemplary of the type of achievement that can be attained with hard work and perseverance. It is essential students at all levels strive to make the most of their education and develop a work ethic which will guide them for the rest of their lives.

I extend my deepest congratulations to Kayla Burby for winning the Adams County Mayors and Commissioners Youth Award. I have no doubt she will exhibit the same dedication and character in all of her future accomplishments.

INTRODUCTION OF THE COMBATING SEXUAL HARASSMENT IN SCIENCE ACT

HON. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 20, 2021

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, today I am pleased to be joined by Ranking Member LUCAS in introducing the Combating Sexual Harassment in Science Act. In the wake of the #MeToo movement, the nation is still reckoning with the pervasiveness of sexual harassment and its impact on the lives and careers of women, including in academia.

The academic workplace, when compared to the military, private sector, and government, has the second-highest rate of sexual harassment, with 58 percent of women in academia experiencing sexual harassment. This behavior undermines career advancement for

women in critical STEM fields. Many women report leaving promising careers in academic research altogether due to sexual harassment. Women of color are even more likely to experience sexual harassment and to feel unsafe at work. We cannot afford—morally, scientifically, or economically—to continue to lose these skilled scientists and engineers, particularly from groups that are already underrepresented in STEM.

As recommended in the landmark report by the National Academies entitled *Sexual Harassment of Women: Climate, Culture, and Consequences in Academic Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine*, this bill establishes a National Science Foundation program to support research into the factors contributing to sexual harassment in the scientific workforce, as well as the collection of data on the prevalence of sexual harassment in STEM. Furthermore, this bill directs the Office of Science and Technology Policy to issue uniform policy guidelines to Federal science agencies to ensure every agency has clear policies and dedicated resources to prevent and respond to incidents of sexual harassment at academic institutions receiving federal research funding. It also creates an interagency working group to improve coordination and communication among agencies.

It is my hope that this legislation will build upon progress already made by the National Science Foundation and other agencies over the last few years. In 2018, the Foundation updated its award terms and conditions to ensure the agency is alerted of findings of sexual harassment or administrative actions taken against NSF-funded researchers during the course of an investigation. It is vital that agencies and grantees, as stewards of Federal money, take seriously their responsibility to foster a healthy working environment as they train the next generation of scientists. It is encouraging that other agency heads have taken steps to address sexual harassment in research. Following NSF's lead, the National Institutes of Health instituted a similar update to its grant rules. The approach must be coordinated to minimize confusion and burden for institutions and researchers.

I also credit Dr. Kelvin Droegemeier, former OSTP Director, for his commitment to this issue. In his testimony to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology last year, Dr. Droegemeier reported that the Joint Committee on Research Environments (JCORE) Subcommittee on Safe and Inclusive Environments was compiling a comprehensive inventory of Federal agency policies and practices targeted at addressing all forms of harassment in the research environment, with the intent to identify best practices and develop a coordinated Federal action plan. I urge the current administration to make this a priority. These resources are urgently needed.

Scientific societies, universities, national laboratories, and those in leadership positions across the scientific enterprise also play an important role in combating sexual harassment in the sciences. I am pleased that my legislation is endorsed by 23 scientific societies and student organizations. In developing this bill, feedback from university associations and scientific societies has been invaluable, and it is encouraging that so many key players are committed to addressing sexual harassment in science.

This legislation supports a coordinated evidence-based approach to addressing the

problem of sexual harassment at research universities and funds research that will serve as the foundation for future initiatives in this area.

I urge the rest of my colleagues to join us and help move this legislation forward into law.

JUAN ARREDONDO

HON. ED PERLMUTTER

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 20, 2021

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize and applaud Juan Arredondo for receiving the Adams County Mayors and Commissioners Youth Award.

Juan Arredondo is a 12th grader at Vantage Point High School and received this award because his determination and hard work have allowed him to overcome adversities.

The dedication demonstrated by Juan Arredondo is exemplary of the type of achievement that can be attained with hard work and perseverance. It is essential students at all levels strive to make the most of their education and develop a work ethic which will guide them for the rest of their lives.

I extend my deepest congratulations to Juan Arredondo for winning the Adams County Mayors and Commissioners Youth Award. I have no doubt he will exhibit the same dedication and character in all of his future accomplishments.

IN RECOGNITION OF THE 65TH ANNIVERSARY OF LOREN AND ELOUISE SUTTON

HON. MIKE ROGERS

OF ALABAMA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 20, 2021

Mr. ROGERS of Alabama. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize the 65th wedding anniversary of Reverend Loren C. and Elouise Sutton who were married on June 8, 1956.

Rev. Sutton serves as Pastor Emeritus and Senior Pastor at Airview Church of God in Opelika, Alabama.

The Suttons were blessed with four children, two grandchildren and four great-grandchildren.

Madam Speaker, please join me in recognizing Loren and Elouise and wishing them a happy 65th wedding anniversary.

THOMAS JEFFERSON DAY

HON. ED PERLMUTTER

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 20, 2021

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize and applaud the anniversary of Thomas Jefferson's birthday.

As our third President, a Founding Father, and the main author of the Declaration of Independence, Thomas Jefferson was a formative voice in our nascent American democracy. Jefferson championed the ideas of religious tolerance, human rights, and liberty for

all. He considered democracy, along with a free press and robust public education system, to be the embodiment of a thriving, successful society. These indelible notions continue to be fundamental to our country today.

On his 278th birthday, I extend my deepest thanks and respect to Thomas Jefferson for his commitment to the ideals of democracy and his stringent belief in the strength of the United States of America.

NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS
WAGE AND ECONOMIC STABILITY
ACT

HON. GREGORIO KILILI CAMACHO
SABLAN

OF NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, April 20, 2021

Mr. SABLAN. Madam Speaker, today, I introduce the Northern Mariana Islands Wage and Economic Stability Act. This legislation delays for 18 months, in the Marianas only, any national increase in the federal minimum wage that Congress may enact. My bill, also, requires a Government Accountability Office report on the economic impact in the Marianas of such a national wage increase.

Unlike the rest of our nation, where minimum wage has been static, the minimum wage in the Marianas has more than doubled over recent years to reach the federal level of \$7.25.

These substantial increases have made life better for thousands of Marianas families and encouraged more U.S. workers to enter the workforce.

But I had to carefully time those increases year-by-year with legislation and based on the help of Government Accountability Office reports to ensure—successfully—that wages went up without jeopardizing jobs.

Economic conditions in the Marianas remain separate from the national situation. Whereas Gross Domestic Product rose nationally in 2019, in the Marianas GDP plunged 11.2 percent that year. That decline came after a 19.3 percent decrease in 2018. And it is reasonable to expect the picture in the Marianas for 2020 will be no better. Our tourism-based economy will remain dormant until the pandemic has passed. Meanwhile, nationally, we expect growth on the order of 6 percent this year.

My point is simply this: If we are going to raise the wage in the Marianas—and, believe me, I do—then we must do it as we did before: with a close eye on the economic conditions in the islands. They are vastly different than conditions in the nation as a whole.

Again, I fully support raising the minimum wage in our country—I want workers to earn more.

I believe the best way to accomplish that goal in the insular area I represent, however, is through my legislation, the Northern Mariana Islands Wage and Economic Stability Act. My bill will give Congress the analytical tools and the time to consider how best to schedule wage increases in the Marianas to improve the lives of workers and their families, while ensuring the businesses employing those workers can thrive.